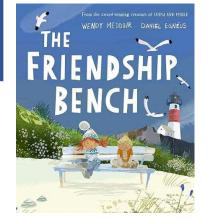
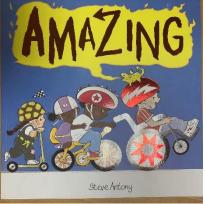
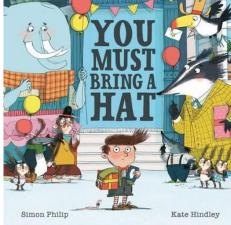


Reception Autumn 1 All about me/Friendships









Prime areas of learning			
Communication & language	Personal, social and emotional development	Physical development	
Children learn to:	Children learn to:	Children learn to:	
Listening, Attention & Understanding:	Self-Regulation:	Gross Motor:	
 Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important. 	 Begin to express feelings and understand how others might be 	Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills already acquired: - rolling -	
Understand a question or instruction that has 2 parts e.g. linking to daily routines.	feeling	crawling - walking - jumping - running - hopping - skipping – climbing	
 Understand 'why' questions 	 Begin to identify and moderate own feelings socially and 	 Begin to develop overall body-strength, balance, co-ordination and agility e.g. use 	
Begin to engage in story time	emotionally	above actions and obstacle courses etc.	
 Learn and use new vocabulary linked to daily routine or theme 	 Begin to resolve conflicts with others by negotiating and 	 Begin to use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at 	
• Listen to (learn) and enjoy a variety of rhymes and songs and pay attention to how	compromising	a table or sitting on the floor.	
they sound.	 Begin to set own goals and show resilience and perseverance in 	 Begin to confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors 	
 Listen to and begin to talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding 	the face of challenge	and outside, alone and in a group.	
Speaking:	Managing Self:	 Further develop and refine a range of ball skills including: throwing, catching, 	
 Use new vocabulary throughout the day. 	 Manage own self-care needs e.g. zips, buttons, and shoes. 	kicking	
Begin to ask questions to find out more & to check they understand what's been	 Develop confidence to try new activities and show independence 	$ullet$ Further develop the skills they need to manage the school day successfully: \Box	
said to them.	e.g. access enhancements indoors & outdoors.	lining up and queuing \Box mealtimes \Box personal hygiene.	
 Develop social phrases e.g. 'Hello' Good morning/afternoon' 'How are you?' 	 Know and begin to talk about the different factors that support 	Fine Motor:	
'Would you like to play with me?'	their overall health and wellbeing: \square regular physical activity \square	 Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils e.g. 	
 Begin to say how they feel about stories, rhymes or poems 	healthy eating 🗆 tooth brushing 🗆 having good sleep routines.	consolidate tripod grip.	
 Retell a familiar and develop own narrative, using some story language 	Building Relationships:	 Continue to develop small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools 	
Begin to retell a simple story, once they've developed a deep familiarity with the	 Begin to see self as a valuable individual. 	competently, safely and confidently. Suggested tools: pencils for drawing and	
text e.g. repetition/in their own words.	Begin to build constructive & respectful relationships.	writing, paintbrushes, scissors, knives, forks and spoons	

Specific areas of learning

Literacy (including Phonics)	Mathematics	Understanding the world	Expressive arts and design
Children learn to:	Children learn to:	Children learn to:	Children learn to:
Reading: Comprehension/Word Reading:	Numerical Pattern & Number:	Past & Present:	Creating with Materials:
 Understand the five key concepts about print 	 Recite numbers to 10 	 Begin to make sense of their own life-story and 	 Draw with increasing complexity and detail
 Continue to develop Level 1 phonological awareness: rhythm & rhyme; 	 Count objects, actions and sounds up to 5 	family's history	e.g. representing a face with a circle and
alliteration; oral blending and segmenting	 Subitise 3 or 4 objects (quick recall without counting) 	 Begin to comment on images of familiar situations 	including details (possibly show different
 Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them – secure Level 2 	 Link the number symbol (numeral) with its cardinal 	in the past	emotions)
phonics	number value to 5	People, Culture & Communities:	 Continue to explore colour and colour mixing.
 Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of 	 Compare quantities up to 5 	 Talk about members of their immediate family and 	Safely use & explore a variety of materials &
known letter- sound correspondences, applying Level 2 phonics to read	 Understand 'one more/less than' to 5 	community	tools
VC and simple CVC words	 Explore the composition of numbers to 5 	 Begin to name and describe people who are 	Explore new techniques and talk about
 Begin to read a few common exception words matched to the Twinkl 	 Begin to explore number bonds to 5 	familiar to them	creations
phonics programme – Level 2	Shape, Space & Measure:	 Begin to understand that some places are special to 	Being imaginative and expressive:
 Begin to read simple phrases / sentences, applying Level 2 phonic 	 Select, rotate and manipulate shapes In order to 	members of their community	 Take part in simple pretend play
knowledge	develop spatial reasoning skills e.g. create a shape	 Begin to recognise that people have different 	 Begin to develop complex stories using small
Begin to retell simple stories/narratives using own words & some	picture, put shapes together to make a new shape	beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways	world equipment
recently introduced vocabulary	 Continue, copy and create repeating patterns 	Natural World:	 Begin to develop storylines in their pretend
 Begin to re-read books to build up their confidence in word reading, 	 Begin to compare length and weight 	 Explore the natural world around them 	play – including those linked to focus text
their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment		 Describe what they see, hear and feel whilst 	 Begin to listen attentively, move to and talk
Writing:		outside	about music, expressing their feelings and
 Write name correctly, using correct letter formation 		Understand the effect of changing seasons on the	responses
 Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing 		natural world around them e.g. Summer to Autumn.	 Sing in a group or on their own
 Begin to form some lower-case letters correctly 			 Begin to explore and engage in music making
 Begin to spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the 			and dance
sound with letter/s, level 2 VC and simple CVC words			
 Begin to write captions 			
 Begin to re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense 			

Characteristics of effective learning			
Play and exploring	Active learning	Creating and thinking critically	
Children learn to:	Children learn to:	Children learn to:	
Make individual choices	 Participate in daily routines and predict the sequence of routines 	Share their own ideas	
 Do things independently which have been taught previously 	• Use a range of strategies to reach a goal they have set themselves	 Take part in simple pretend play and use to understand another perspective. 	
 Share and talk about their own interests and fascinations 	 Begin to correct their mistakes 	 Concentrate on achieving something that is important to them 	
 Engage confidently in new experiences 	 Keep in trying when things are difficult 	Solve real problems	

Activity Ideas

Prime areas of learning			
Communication & language	Personal, social and emotional development	Physical development	
 Story time: children explore the vocab of feelings e.g. happy, excited, upset, sad, worried, scared, lonely, cross Book talk: □ relate to own experiences e.g. How do you feel when you come to school? □ share likes/dislikes e.g. What do you like to do with a friend? Questions: children ask a friend questions about □ Who is in their family? □ What do they like to eat? □ What they like to do? □ Where do they go with their family? etc. Social Phrases: model and scaffold children to use greetings e.g. Hello; Good morning/afternoon; How are you? □ invite a friend to do something with them. e.g 'Would you like to with me?' Circle games: consolidate use of tenses (beginning to use some irregular past tense e.g. ran, sang, saw etc □ I want to with my friends. □ I enjoyed with my friends. Connect ideas: model and scaffold children's language to help them to connect ideas e.g. □ we like to because □ we were but then Song / rhyme time using fingers and actions e.g. 10 Little Friends □ The more we get together the happier we will be. Poem: Share poem 'We Can' by Michael Rosen 	 Personal, social and emotional development We are all amazing: read aloud 'Amazing' by Steve Anthony □ talk about all the things that we are good at and the things that make each person special □ encourage children to tell a friend some of the things they like about them and/or think they should be proud of □ make certificates and stickers to praise one another Express own feelings: emotions dice game □ use dice with a different emotion picture or photo on each side □ take it in turns to throw the dice □ name the emotion on the dice and talk about when you might feel like this Consider the feelings of others: □ how children may feel different in the same situation □ why children might be feeling different □ what could the little girl in the story done to help her friend □ how you can help your friends to feel happier Solving conflicts: □ use book talk related to the focus text to identify where there might have been conflicts and what the children could do to solve them □ use puppets to model and explore the use of compromise and negation to solve conflicts Setting goals: choose a goal to work on with a friend and celebrate when 	 Challenges to make us stronger: discuss and choose physical challenges to do together outdoors e.g. □ working together to use equipment Large-scale sensory writing: consolidate correct formation of letters in name by writing their own names large scale outdoors (challenge one of their friends to run and jump on or hit their name Ball play: teach a variety of ball games to play with a friend □ roll and catch □ throw and catch Bean Bag games: playing bean bag toss with a friend Fine motor: □ give advice to puppets and toys on how to use cutlery, paintbrushes, scissors etc □ make an 'I can' display to show children mastering these skills 	
Practise taking turns in conversation.	it has been achieved e.g. we are going to try to □ draw or record intended goal □ photograph or video achievements to celebrate	 Threading pasta necklaces for our friends and family. 	

Specific areas of learning

Literacy (including Phonics)	Mathematics	Understanding the world	Expressive arts and design
 Level 1 Phonics: revisit and review Using initial letters / matching initial letters to children / characters □ using phonics for words within the text which are decodable at a level 2 e.g. put, on, at, sad, miss, fun, can □ spotting and playing snap with common exception words within the text e.g. l, go, to, the CAP: □ direction of print - left to right / top to bottom □ one-to-one correspondence Name writing: write own name with correct letter formation on self-portraits, work, letters and cards to friends Purposeful writing: □ label friends and members of their family □ Modelling correct letter formation as each level 2 sound is taught □ cards and letters for friends and family □ Writing CVC word lists □ VC / CVC phoneme frame activities using magnetic letters and also using whiteboard pens □ Labelling pictures with CVC words (containing sounds taught) Guided Reading – use the minibooks linked to beginning of Level 2. Begin with individual readers. 	 Recite numbers to 10 finger rhyme 'Ten little Friends' (includes forwards and backwards) apss the teddy - children pass a teddy round the circle, while counting in 1-10. The person holding the teddy when the count reaches 10 sits down. Start again, continuing until there is only one person left standing. Count up to 5 objects games Count actions plus subitise to 5 identify when a set can be subitised and when counting is needed subitise different arrangements, both unstructured and structured, including using the Hungarian number frame make different arrangements of numbers within 5 and talk about what they can see, to develop their conceptual subitising skills spot smaller numbers 'hiding' inside larger numbers compare numbers to 5 games Compare numbers to 5 games Patterns: cop /continue pattern made by friend Shapes: challenges to complete with a friend what can we make with these shapes? guess what my picture is can we put the shapes together to make a Compare length and weight: lie down next two friends – who is the longest / shortest? find the heaviest thing you can carry with a friend? 	 My family: □ talk about different families using ' We all have different Families' by Melissa Higgins □ draw and label a picture of their family to show to their friends Family history: share photos of the children's parents or grandparents when they were children - what is different in the photo from present time? Making handprints using paint Describe people who are familiar to them: talk about and describe people, with a growing awareness of similarities and differences – use a range of texts to support such as 'My Hair' by Hannah Lee and 'Happy in our skin' by Fran Manushkin. Exploring the natural world together: go on □ a nature trail together and collect natural things / materials – describe and use for feely box activity 	 Family paintings Draw emotions: draw faces with different emotions Small world activities –modelling how to use the dolls house Emotion music: use a variety of music to represent different emotions listen to – how does it make you feel? move to – what type of movements could be 'happy' etc Sing: 'If you're happy and you know it' adapt to different emotions e.g. 'If you're sad worried / cross and you know it' add appropriate action and expression for each verse Circle and partner songs: learn / revisit songs to sing with their friends e.g. Ring a ring

Provision enhancement				
Book area	Water area	Role play area	Water	Small world
 Selection of books about feelings and friendships. Blankets and cushions to encourage children to read with a friend. 	 Helping at home. Washing up equipment ie, dishcloths, plates, bubbles Make fruit tea for a friend. Slices of citrus fruit Cups and teapots. 	 Plan a party for a friend. Write an invitation or birthday card. Family photo wall display. 	 Make a boat that floats with a friend. Containers at different levels with water pipes. 	 Go on a nature trail to collect natural objects to create an autumn scene with characters and animals.
Malleable area	Sand area	Construction area	Sand	Construction
 Make a treat for a friend using cutters and cake cases. Roll playdough and make a letter (s.a.t.p.i.n). 	 Buried treasure. Match items with the same initial sound and collect in buckets. 	 Build the street you live on/build your favourite place to visit. Blank name labels for children to write their name in construction area. 	 Teacher focus activity. Buried treasure – children find word cards, teacher segments, children match word to picture. 	 Large building blocks Tarpaulin to build a den
Writing area	Maths area	Creative area	Writing/mark making/creative	Role play
 Write a greetings card for a friend. LCD writing tablets to practice s,a,t,p,i,n and name writing. Using chalkboards inside. Adult to write name and child to dip finger in water and wipe off. 	 Build a tower to match the correct digit. Make a repeating pattern, ask a friend to continue it. 	 Paint a portrait. Leaf printing and bark rubbings. 	 Practise writing s,a,t,p,i,n with wet brushes and sponges on the chalk board. Write name on the playground with chalk and ask them to paint over it with water. Charcoal and chalk mark making on card sheets. 	Teddy bears picnic.
Funky fingers/name writing station	Small world area		Gross motor	
 Make a repeating pattern pasta necklace/bracelet. Use tweezers to match the pom-pom to the right colour plate. 	 Woodland scene with logs and animals. Build a nest or den to prepare for hibernation. Build your street with wooden building blocks. 		 Bean bag toss. Roll the dice and throw the right number of bean bags into the hoop. Balance bikes. 	