

Glossary -

Aviation - the flying or operating of different aircrafts

Airport - a place where aircraft land and take off, usually with buildings for passengers

Terminal - a building at an airport where passengers transfer between ground and the aircraft

Chronological order - putting something in the order that it happened

Sequence - a particular order in which things follow each other

Transport - to carry people or goods from one place to another using a vehicle, aircraft or ship

Sources - an place where we can gather historical information e.g. photographs, objects or people's stories

Mixed media - art work that uses more than one medium or material

Wonderful Wythenshawe!



Did you know...

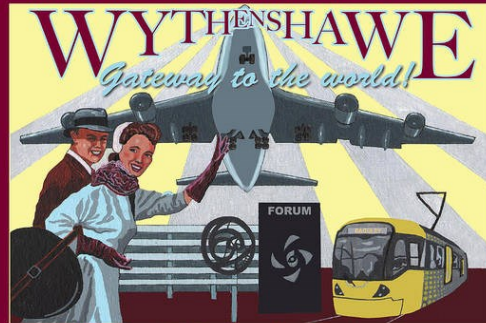
In **1928** a temporary airfield was built in Wythenshawe and in **1929** Wythenshawe airport opened for business.

In **1935** building began on a larger airport on land at Ringway and in **1938** Ringway Airport officially opened.

During the Second World War Ringway Airport was used for building planes and as a training centre for over 60,000 parachutists!

It wasn't until **1986** that Manchester Airport took its official name of Manchester International Airport.

This poster was created by a local artist called Eric Jackson. He uses recognisable images and landmarks to represent towns in and around Manchester.



UNITED KINGDOM

The United Kingdom is made up of England, Northern Ireland, Scotland and Wales.

Here is Manchester which is the city that Wythenshawe is in!



Pollution is where the environment is unclean or dirty and has harmful or poisonous effects on air, water or land.

There are many different types of pollution around our local area.

Airports and other transport can cause **air pollution**. This can be harmful to the health of humans and other living things as well as damage to our climate.



Aviation timeline



1783 - The hot air balloon was invented by Montgolfier brothers in 1783. It has become the oldest invention that can successfully take people into flight.

1903 - Orville and Wilbur Wright were two brothers, born in America. Their first aeroplane, the Wright Flyer, successfully flew in front of 5 people in 1903.

1939 - The first flight of a helicopter

1957 - The first airline flight to carry passengers

1961 - The first flight into space

1969 - The supersonic plane Concorde flew for the first time.



Wonderful Wythenshawe!

Article 8 - We have the right to an identity **Article 17** - We have the right to reliable information

Key Vocabulary -

Human geography - looking at manmade features of an area e.g. the airport, the hospital, the forum, houses and roads

Physical geography - looking at natural features of an area including climate, beaches, rivers and vegetation

Community - A group of people living or working together in the same area

Aerial photograph - a photograph taken from the air

City - a large town

Landmark - an object or feature of a landscape that you can easily recognise

Decade - 10 years

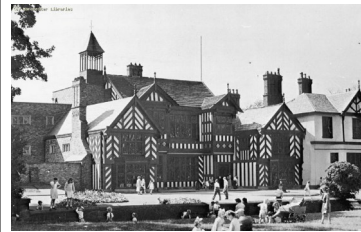
Century - 100 years

Litter - rubbish such as paper, cans, and bottles left lying in an open or public place

Textiles - a type of cloth or woven fabric

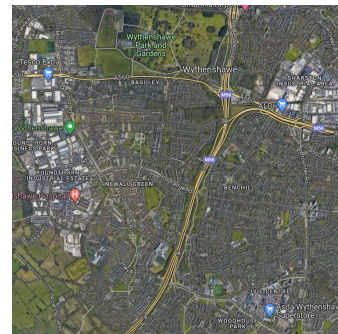
Sewing - making or mending clothes or other things using a needle and thread

Wythenshawe is an area of South Manchester that was originally in Cheshire. The land was once owned by the Tatton family until the 1920s when it was sold to Lord and Lady Simon.



In 1926 they gifted the park to the people of Manchester, the park has stayed the same and the

surrounding farm land was turned into the biggest housing estate in Europe! Wythenshawe was and still is seen as the 'Garden City', full of green spaces and fresh air.



Wythenshawe is now home to 110,000 people, Manchester International Airport, Wythenshawe Hospital and a busy Civic Centre.

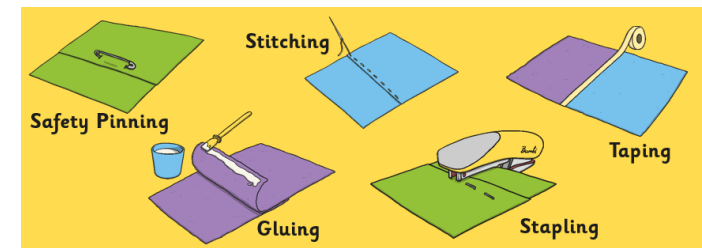


Wythenshawe Forum in the 1960s



Wythenshawe Forum today

Different types of joining techniques



Different types of stitches

